

Supplementary Table 2. Characteristics of anxiety high-risk groups among confirmed COVID-19 patients

	Anxiety		t-value λ^2	p
	Positive (weighted N=51)	Negative (weighted N=589)		
Sex			1.17	0.280
Male	22 (43.1)	301 (51.0)		
Female	29 (56.9)	289 (49.0)		
Age (yr)	49.60±14.68	46.38±16.44	0.95	0.352
Marital status			0.78	0.679
Unmarried	17 (33.3)	189 (32.0)		
Married	29 (56.9)	317 (53.7)		
Divorced/separated/widowed	5 (9.8)	84 (14.2)		
Employment status			7.68	0.006
Employed	25 (50.0)	407 (69.1)		
Unemployed	25 (50.0)	182 (30.9)		
Educational status			3.30	0.069
High school graduation or lower	24 (47.1)	354 (60.1)		
College graduation or higher	27 (52.9)	235 (39.9)		
Family income (million won)			9.39	0.025
<1.5	8 (15.4)	53 (9.0)		
1.5–2.99	16 (30.8)	145 (24.6)		
3–4.99	6 (11.5)	181 (30.7)		
≥5	22 (42.3)	210 (35.7)		
COVID-19 vaccination	44 (86.3)	516 (87.5)	0.06	0.807
Rating scales scores				
Health satisfaction of COVID-19 survivors	6.06±2.59	5.11±2.38	2.69	0.007
Sleep time	6.45±1.24	6.48±1.12	0.17	0.868
PSQI-K	6.41±4.45	4.05±2.65	3.73	<0.001
CFS-K	17.80±7.51	11.90±4.88	5.50	<0.001
Stigma index	22.49±4.92	19.14±5.74	4.02	<0.001
Loneliness index	7.06±2.65	5.38±2.63	4.37	<0.001

Values are presented as number (%) or mean±standard deviation unless otherwise indicated. COVID-19, coronavirus disease-2019; PSQI-K, Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index (total score 21); CFS-K, Chronic Fatigue Scale (total score 33)